Howard Roff asn

Dear Howard:

Sorry for delay in writing. I have lately been entaged with solething that I could not lay aside.

has brought forms of criticism that I did not anticipate and do not deserve. It was not and is not intended for publication, but merely to in art information to you, Cary, and Harold in lieu of a letter. The form of the memo was dicteted more by consideration of how you and Harold might use it rather than by any plans that I have for using it. I sent it only to you three, but anticipated that you might show it to others who do not know background material on the bullet. I thought it expedient to relieve you of the burden of having to explain the background, and to relieve the non-researcher reader of tedious material that does not bear immediately on the topic in question: It is the bare bones of that is recessary to prove beyond doubt that 399 lost no fragments and to indicate the significance of that knowledge. Beyind that, you may and it as you like

my failing to mention you as the origin of info about the "flake" was an oversight -- I did not even consider overlooking it. My mind went to the printen record of the lost fragment (Harold's letter from

Archives) and stayed there.

Consider the use of your picture in the memo as no more reprehensible than if I had sent it to you in a letter, nothing else. If I had intended it for publication, or even for wider distribution to critics, I would have cleared questions of credit and use of

pictures beforehand, as you well know.

Ly letter to you regarding accreditation in your chapter did not refer to anything you used that I sent you. It referred to things that have been published and copyrighted. If you thought that I was expressing indignation because I did not receive proper credit then you misunderstood what you read in that letter, and you don't know me. I wrote that letter for your benefit, not for mine. My attitude is that I am grateful for credit when it comes, but do not fuss when it doesn't. Harold tells me that Neihols has comprished in his own name something that I sent him; I don't care, except that it might keep Harold from using it (though I think that it will not). I have never required credit from anyone, and never will, unless the material is misused or misrepresentd—I might then lay claim and try to set the record straight. The meo I wrote for Carrison is such a case—they misused it at the trial in a way that could have backfired on them.

Jacketed bullets: Fragments in heads from military bullets does not surprise me-- even for bullets like 399-- but "dust"? I have to see it to believe it. Otherwise I say no, not for a 399. Descriptions of how the "dust" is distributed are confusing (compare Hunes and Kellerman with Panel), but enough is known about them to indicate that they were not caused by a 399, which is too make heavy, too hard, and (especially) too slow.

Fragments of metal in soft tissue from a military bullet? Notwithstanding Fillinger's remarks, I think it impossible -- with certain exceptions that do not beer on matters related to the assessination. Fillinger can have seen only one of two things; (1) a military round that had been doctored by filing off the copper from the nose, or similarly disficured by some other some from a (I know some hunters who do this with military amao, although it is dangerous, because the sarplas staff is much cheaper than soft-nose civilan armo), or (2) the 5.6mm military round that is used in the E-15 rifle in Victnem. The civilian equivalent of this is the .223, a varianter of very high velocity. The 5.6 is tiny (55 grains, I think), has a very thin (i.e. weak) jac'et, and moves at much greater velocity than more ordinary military rounds. also, in Vietnam it is usually fired at nearby targets so its on-tar et velocity is usually very high. With those two exceptions, if there is any military round in the world that can break up or leave any from erts on of itself in soft tissue, I'll cat it. I'll also eat may X-ray that shows fragmentation in soft tissue of any 160 grain full metal case bullet that moves out of the muzzle at 2000 fps. If Fillinger saw fragments in soft tissue produced bu the 5.5, then you asked him about tructors and he amswered about racing cars. There is not the least commpison.

Backward head movement: Except that I shoot certain varmint species, I am not a hunter, but I have seen many animals killed by cunfire -- both in movies and in the flesh. Moreover, I have many Priends who have witnessed this much more often than I have. I don't believe JEK's head novement can have been caused by a shot from the rear, and I havn't the heart to endure the ridicule of my friends if I were to try to tell them that a bullet drawards from the rear can cast a man back like that -- they know better, and I know better. They don't know much about physics, and not much about human anatomy, but they do know what hapmens to an animal when it is shot in the head by a powerful bullet. They have seen it many, many times, and I have seen it.

In seeking to account for JrK's novement by even supposing that it might have been caused by a shot from the rear, you are seeting to expected in terms of what is abnormal and unexpected. Experience max abstract physics is no help if it contradicts normal and natural experience. I don't care how many pathologists say that the movement can be explained in accordance with a shot from the rear, they will have to prove it before I would give an inch. Can you not see that the burden of proof is with those who assert that the shot can have come from the rear? Abatras When I see such proof (not proof that it did happen that way, but merely proof that it can have happened that way), I'll believe it; till them, I must suppose that Fillinger and others who contradict experiese with insubstantial supposition of possibilities (supported by nothing in the real world) are doing little more than smiffing at their own assholes. I have no wish to join them.

I don't wish to knock Fillinger too hard, really, for hat you say of him causes me to regard him with much respect. But his ceutions are unwarrented. You should take into consideration that antimber forensic pathologists as a group almost catagorically subscribe to the notion that with bullets and wounds nothing is impossible. That, too, is unwarrented.

Thom son's head shot measurements: Some time ago Gary worte to be and montioned that these were brong, but he didn't explain further. Your account seems sound in the extreme. Thanks. I suspect Gary will set in touch with you man be sets back to Thilly-- I hope so, for you should talk, for you have both been doing the same things in certain greas. I don't know what he is doing at the usuant, for I have not heard from him in some time.

M.O. testimony: I have accounts in the m.O. papers which are much were complete than national medic. You can borrow these if you want them. raul Moch may be etting some stuff out cheaply soon; I'll let you know. I do not intend to go for Lifton's offer, for the cost is too much and the mode, papers were sufficient for me.

Lufton is an oddtall and making some trouble. If you even have occasion to be in touch with him, let me know first, for you will

need some caution.

bomething just came up, and I have to stop. Lon't fret about telling Lichols about the "lfake" being detached. It's the sort of Listake I might have made had I been in touch with him and wanted to win his confidence (which I don't have yet, even though I have given him useful material and have meted toward him with trust). I suspect that it is knowledge of the "flake" that is causing his recent flurry over the base of 399, and that he has not the least idea of what the rest of the base means. The cony of frazier's 1.0. testimony's one that massed through his hands and has some of his marginal notes. He made no notes on the massage where frazier mentions taking substance from the base, so terhous he regards it unimpostant.

Lust stop. I'll have things to say to Marole about 399 base and will send you a copy. There may be a way of checking with reasonable zarntixty certainty inaktive whether the grainy substance is sunpowder. Also of knowing whether the base changed between the time when Harold had his picture taken and yours. I think now that there was no change, but Herold thin a there was - neither of us is sure. This method will be cheaper than retting a new picture taken.

Stay well.

cc weisberg